

PLANT GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT Conceptual Storyline & Assessment Map

Subconcept 1: The student understands that plants and animals have different external features that help them thrive.

Subconcept 2: The student understands that plants can change in different ways throughout their life cycle - from germination to seed production.

Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 13	Lesson 14	Lesson 5
Students look closely at the outside of a bean seed and reflect on wha they know and what the want to learn about plan • Assess I concept: Activity sheet 1, p. 14.	Students observe the internal features of a bean seed that has been soaked overnight in water, then draw and label the parts. • Assess I concept: Activity sheet 1, p. 14.	Students plant their seeds. This lesson is the basis for almost everything that follows so it is important that students follow the directions carefully. Seed- lings emerge in 24 hours, plant so students can observe. • Assess LS2 concept: anec- dotal teacher observation.	Students thin the number of seedlings in their quads and transplant the surplus seedlings in order to provide the best growing conditions possible.	 Students apply their observation skills as they make models of a Brassica rapa plant. Assess LS1 concept: Students assemble Brassica model, p. 77-81. 	Students apply their observation skills as they make a model of a bee.	Students measure their seedlings to the nearest centimeter and record their measurements on a bar graph. • Assess C concept: Blackline Masters (Appendix F), Growth Graph.

Lesson 6	Lesson 7	Lesson 8	Lesson 9	Lesson 10	Lesson 11	Lesson 12	Lesson 15	Les
Students observe leaves and flower buds in addition to recording the height of their seedlings.	 Students closely monitor the growth of their plants by measuring their height, predicting overnight growth, and recording their data. Assess LS2 concept: Observation of Growth Spurt, p. 48. Assess I concept: use of tools to gather data. Assess E concept: Written description of plant changes, p. 47. 	Students discuss what they know about bees and pollination, and draw a picture of a bee to illustrate what they know about bees. Students do a follow up bee drawing in the post-unit assessment.	Students create bee sticks by gluing bees to toothpicks so the bees can be used for pollination in the next lesson.	Students use their bee sticks to pollinate the flowers, then make careful observations of the flowers on the plants.	 Students use their bee sticks to cross-pollinate their plants. Through readings and discussion students become aware of the interdependent relationship of the bee and the Brassica. Assess LS1 concept: Anecdotal observation and discussion about the flower and bee interdependence, p. 67. 	 Students observe their plants as they begin to change after pollination and fertilization. Students record their observations in writing, in drawings, and in graphs. Assess LS2 concept: Students record growth on Growth Graph and observation sheet, p. 43. 	Students interpret information from two different graphs.	Stude thres from then and o numb ber o • Ass cep me

Assessment opportunities are shown in the highlighted areas of the Conceptual Storyline. Please choose those that are most valuable to you and your students.

Full options and tools are located on the Web site at www. asdk12.org/depts/science/elementary/2Life.html.



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dents harvest and esh the seed pods n their plants. They n count the seeds d compare that nber with the numof seeds planted.

ssess LS1 conepts: Post assessnent, p. 105-107. **OST-ASSESSMEN**